SAFETY DATA SHEET



Vinyguard Silvergrey 88

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Vinyguard Silvergrey 88	
Product code	: 765	
Product description	: Paint.	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Use in coatings - Industrial use		
Use in coatings - Profession	nal use	

Supplier's details	:	Jotun Paints Inc. 16223 Park Row Drive, Suite 120 Houston, TX 77084
		Phone number: +1 832 615 5646 SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	1-800-424-9300 (Staffed 24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
GHS label elements	

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Warning.

÷.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor or spray.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 765

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	≥25 - ≤41	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	≤13	100-41-4
zinc oxide	≤5	1314-13-2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	≤3	64742-95-6
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	≤0.3	147900-93-4
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	≤0.3	85711-55-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. 	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	

Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	:ts
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

_	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	g	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
kylene	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes] TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [xylene] STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. C: 300 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. Notes: K TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form: OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ate of issue :18.0	7.2024 5

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	STEL: 130 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 22 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
zinc oxide	None
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	None
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	None
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	None

Biological exposure indices

Ingredient name	Exposure indices		
xylene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grades)] BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		
ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	es	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm)
Body protection	: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: aluminum, Aluminum red toned
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	 Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 137.56°C (279.6°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

•		· ·			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)			
Vapor pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.95 kPa (7.13 mm Hg) (at 20°C)			
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)				
Relative density	:	1.133 to 1.145 g/cm ³ 9.45 to 9.55 pounds/gallon			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.).			
Description of the second second second	: Not available.				
Decomposition temperature	11	Not available.			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Sensitization

Section 11. Toxicological information

	-	-	
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	Category 2	-	-
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Date of issue

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimatesRouteATE valueDermal3211.96 mg/kgInhalation (vapors)24.09 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata - Exponential growth	
		phase	
Date of issue	: 18.07.2024	•	

Section 12. Ecological information

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily
zinc oxide	-		Not readily
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
zinc oxide	-	28960	high
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	high
light arom.			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
United States - RCRA Toxic I	hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	U239

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT assification	TDG	Mexico	ADR/RID	IMDC	
UN number UN1		Classification	Classification		IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
1	1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper Pair shipping name	nt	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport 3 hazard class(es)		3	3	3		3
Packing group III	<u> </u>					
Environmental Yes hazards		Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	<u>1</u>					
DOT Classification	w pr <u>R</u> st	his product is not aterways in sizes rovided the packa eportable quanti hipped in quantitie eportable quantity	of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg c gings meet the ge ty 292 lbs / 132.5 s less than the pr	or by road, rail, or eneral provisions 7 kg [30.747 gal oduct reportable	inland air in non- of §§ 173.24 and / 116.39 L]. Pacl	-bulk sizes, 173.24a. kage sizes
TDG Classification	G	roduct classified a oods Regulations he marine polluta	: 2.18-2.19 (Class	3), 2.7 (Marine	pollutant mark).	Ū
Mexico Classification	: -				-	
ADR/RID		unnel restriction c azard identificatio				
IMDG		mergency schedu arine pollutant: Ye		<u>S-E</u>		
ΙΑΤΑ		he environmentall ansportation regu		stance mark may	appear if require	d by other
Special precautions fo	up		Ensure that pers			ners that are / what to do in the
Transport in bulk acco to IMO instruments	ording : N	ot available.				

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene; zinc oxide; cadmium; lead
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene; vinyl acetate
Clean Air Act Section 112	b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Section 15. Regulatory information

ngredient name		CA	S numb	ber	%		
ylene			0-20-7		34.24		
thylbenzene			-41-4		11.41		
vinyl acetate			-05-4		0.014		
eadmium			0-43-9			90215 87208	
lean Air Act Section 602 : No	ot listed	740	5-52-1		0.000	07200	
Iass I Substances Iean Air Act Section 602 : No Iass II Substances	ot listed						
	ot listed						
	ot listed						
ARA 302/304							
Composition/information on ing	redients						
		-					
				SARA 302	2 TPQ	SARA 30	04 RQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
vinyl acetate		<0.1	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8
-	005000	4 lbs / 15393270					
SI E` SI SI	KIN IRRI YE IRRI KIN SEN PECIFIC	BLE LIQUIDS - Ca TATION - Catego TATION - Catego SITIZATION - Ca TARGET ORGA	ory 2 ry 2A ategory 7	1	GLE EXPOSUF	RE) (Respir	atory tract
SI E` SI SI irr SI	KIN IRRI YE IRRI KIN SEN PECIFIC itation) - PECIFIC	TATION - Catego TATION - Catego SITIZATION - Ca TARGET ORGA Category 3 TARGET ORGA	ory 2 ry 2A ategory 7 N TOXI	1 CITY (SING		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-
SI E` SI SI irr	KIN IRRI YE IRRI KIN SEN PECIFIC itation) - PECIFIC	TATION - Catego TATION - Catego SITIZATION - Ca TARGET ORGA Category 3 TARGET ORGA	ory 2 ry 2A ategory 7 N TOXI	1 CITY (SING CITY (REP		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-
SI E` SI SI irr SI Composition/information on ing	KIN IRRI YE IRRI KIN SEN PECIFIC itation) - PECIFIC redient	TATION - Catego ATION - Catego SITIZATION - Ca TARGET ORGA Category 3 TARGET ORGA Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Class 41 FLAM	ory 2 ry 2A ategory 7 N TOXI N TOXI sificatio	1 CITY (SING CITY (REP on E LIQUIDS -	EATED EXPO	SURE) - Ca	-
SI E` SI SI irr SI <u>Composition/information on ing</u> Name	KIN IRRI YE IRRIT KIN SEN PECIFIC itation) - PECIFIC redients	TATION - Catego TATION - Catego SITIZATION - Ca TARGET ORGA Category 3 TARGET ORGA 2 Clas 41 FLAM ACU SKIN EYE SPEC (Res) ASPI FLAM ACU SPEC EXPC	ory 2 ry 2A ategory 7 N TOXI N TOXI Sificatic MABLE TE TOX IRRITA CIFIC T/ Diratory RATION MABLE TE TOX CIFIC T/ DSURE	1 CITY (SING CITY (REP D CITY (REP D CITY (REP D CITY (REP D CITY (REP CITY (INHA ARGET OR CITY (INHA ARGET OR O CATEGOR O CATEGOR	EATED EXPO - Category 3 mal) - Category alation) - Category egory 2A GAN TOXICIT on) - Category 1 - Category 2 alation) - Categ GAN TOXICIT (2	SURE) - Ca / 4 ory 4 Y (SINGLE 3 ory 4	ategory 2
Si E` Si Si <u>Si</u> irr Si <u>Composition/information on ing</u> <u>Name</u> xylene	KIN IRRI YE IRRI KIN SEN PECIFIC PECIFIC redients % ≥25 - ≤	TATION - Catego TATION - Catego SITIZATION - Ca TARGET ORGA Category 3 TARGET ORGA Category 3 TARGET ORGA Clas 41 Clas 41 FLAM ACU SKIN EYE SPEC (Res ASPI FLAM ACU SPEC (Res	ory 2 ry 2A ntegory 7 N TOXI N TOXI Sification MABLE TE TOX IRRITA IRRITA CIFIC TA DIFIC TA	1 CITY (SING CITY (REP D D E LIQUIDS ICITY (derr ICITY (inha TION - Cate ARGET OR TRACT OR TARGET OR LIQUIDS ICITY (inha ARGET OR ARGET OR TACT OR ARGET OR CATE ARGET OR CATE ARGET OR CATE CATE CATE CATE CATE CATE CATE CATE	EATED EXPO - Category 3 mal) - Category lation) - Category egory 2A GAN TOXICIT on) - Category 1 - Category 2 Idation) - Categ GAN TOXICIT / 2 - Category 3 GAN TOXICIT on) - Category 3 GAN TOXICIT on) - Category 3 GAN TOXICIT on) - Category 3 GAN TOXICIT gory 3	SURE) - Ca / 4 ory 4 Y (SINGLE 3 ory 4 Y (REPEA Y (SINGLE 3	E EXPOSURE
Si E` Si Si <u>Si</u> Composition/information on ing Name xylene ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	KIN IRRI YE IRRI KIN SEN PECIFIC itation) - PECIFIC redients % ≥25 - ≤	TATION - Catego ATION - Catego SITIZATION - Ca TARGET ORGA Category 3 TARGET ORGA Category 3 TARGET ORGA Clas 41 FLAM ACU SKIN EYE SPEC (Res ASPI FLAM ACU SPEC (Res ASPI FLAM SPEC (Res (Res SPEC (Res (Res SPEC (Res (Res (Res (Res) (Res (Res) (Res (Res) (Res) (Res (Res) (Res	ory 2 ry 2A ry 2A n TOXI N TOXI Sification MABLE TE TOX IRRITA IR	1 CITY (SING CITY (REP CITY (REP D D E LIQUIDS ICITY (derr ICITY (derr ICITY (inha ATION - Cate ARGET OR ICITY (inha ARGET OR ICITY (inha ARGET OR ICITY (inha ARGET OR ARGET OR ICITY (oral) ICITY (oral)	EATED EXPO - Category 3 mal) - Category lation) - Category egory 2A GAN TOXICIT on) - Category 1 - Category 2 lation) - Category 2 Idation) - Category 2 Idation) - Category 3 GAN TOXICIT on) - Category 3 - Category 1 - Category 1) - Category 1) - Category 1 Category 1 CATEG	SURE) - Ca / 4 ory 4 Y (SINGLE 3 ory 4 Y (REPEA Y (SINGLE Y (SINGLE Y (REPEA	E EXPOSURE

Section 15. Regulatory information

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	xylene	1330-20-7	≥25 - ≤41
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤13
	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	≤5
	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	≤5
	lead	7439-92-1	<0.01
Supplier notification	xylene	1330-20-7	≥25 - ≤41
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤13
	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	≤5
	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	≤5
	lead	7439-92-1	<0.01

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: XYLENE; ETHYL BENZENE; ALUMINUM; ZINC OXIDE FUME
New York	: The following components are listed: Xylene mixed; Ethylbenzene
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: XYLENES; ETHYL BENZENE; ALUMINUM; ZINC OXIDE; ETHYL ALCOHOL
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; BENZENE, ETHYL-; ZINC OXIDE FUME

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including cadmium and Lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene and Silica, crystalline, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-
quartz, alveolar (<10 μm)	Yes.	No.	-	-
cadmium	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
lead	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

:18.07.2024

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

In	ter	nati	iona	<u>ıl lis</u>	ts

National inventory	
Australia	: Not determined
Canada	: Not determined

Date of issue

14/16

Section 15. Regulatory information

China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Mate	erial Information	System	<u>(U.S.A.)</u>



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification
irritation) - Category 3	ory 2 -y 2A tegory 1 N TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract N TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
History Date of printing	: 18.07.2024	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 18.07.2024	
Date of previous issue Version	: 17.10.2022 : 1.07	
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 	
Date of issue	:18.07.2024	15/16

Section 16. Other information

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

References

: Not available. Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Sers should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.